

# APPLAUSE: archive building www.plate-archive.org

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### APPLAUSE: from plates to catalogs Organising physical historic material:

- collect plates, envelopes, logbooks, and observer notes
- collect data about location, site, and instrumentation

#### Ordering into coherent collections

- -chosen approach: an *archive* 
  - has the following basic characteristics:
    - -Institution
    - -Site
    - -Instrument



### APPLAUSE: from plates to catalogs Digitising process:

plates, envelopes, logbooks, and observer notes

- all material (= Cultural Heritage) objects get digital images as counterparts
- plates plate\_id
  - previews of plates preserve the original image
  - scans of plates are taken after cleaning
- logbooks, observer notes
  *logbook\_id, logbook\_type*
  - scan (or digital photo) of each page and book cover *logpage\_id*

page\_num

preview\_id

scan\_id

- envelopes
  - scan (or digital photo) of each

logpage\_id



### APPLAUSE: from plates to catalogs

## Metadata: transcription of information about CHO for digital processing:

- plates (from envelopes, logbook pages, observer notes) coordinates, emulsion, exposure time, observation date, ... (*plate\_id \leftarrow logpage\_id, preview\_id, scan\_id, archive\_id*)
- logbooks, observer notes, envelopes
  - type, book metadata

(logbook\_id ⇔ logpage\_id, logpage\_type, archive\_id) (logpage\_id ⇔ logpage\_type, plate\_id, archive\_id, (logbook\_id))

- content of logpage pertaining to plate transcribed into table
- filenames for each digitised entity (CHO)
- FITS header extension & database tables design



APPLAUSE: from plates to catalogs FITS header:

- Phase I: include all relevant metadata for CHO
- Phase II: include all relevant metadata from processing and extraction



#### APPLAUSE: from plates to catalogs FITS header:

Phase I: FITS Header for Photoplates

1 Introduction

2 Proposed FITS header format

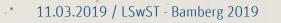
Phase II:

2.2 Group 2 – original data of the observation

2.3 Group 3 – information about the photographic plate

2.1 Group 1 – mandatory and array-description keywords

- 2.4 Group 4 computed data of the observation
- 2.5 Group 5 scan details
- 2.6 Group 6 data files
- 2.7 Group 7 World Coordinate System (WCS)
- 2.8 Group 8 modification history and acknowledgements
- 3. Sample Header
- 3.1 Complete sample header (new)
- 3.2 Complete sample header (2011) WWW.plate-archive.org



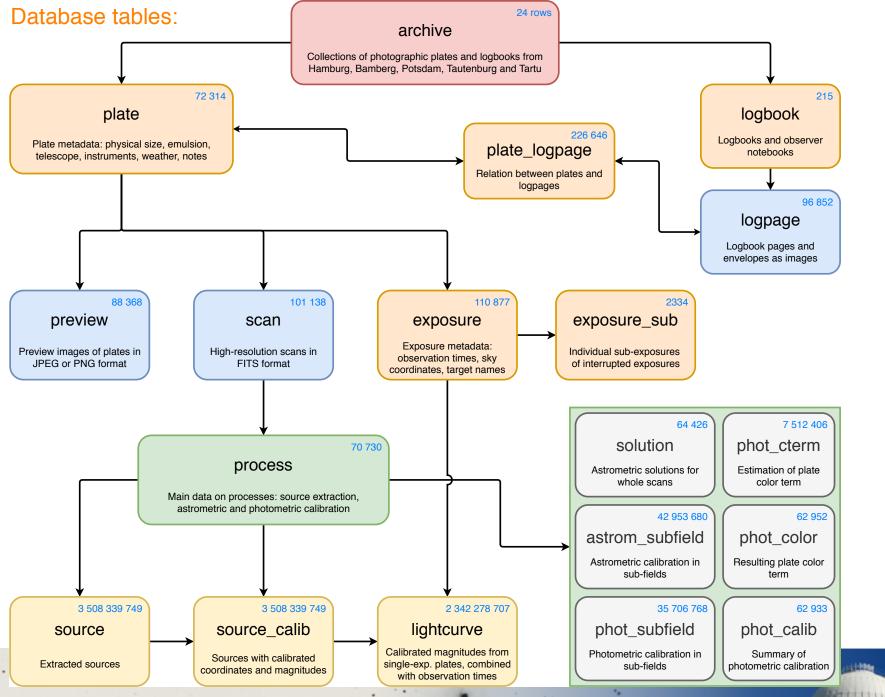


APPLAUSE: from plates to catalogs Environment, hardware, setup

DR3:

ca. 100TB for scans, previews, other material and processing ca. 100TB for processed material (FITS files, image files, database) backup, tape archive space ~80 TB compute facilities: 32 cores, 2GB RAM/core on 2 workstations directory structures setup (and maintenance) sync processes with other source archives (Bamberg, Hamburg,...) database for ingest, database for publication





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#### APPLAUSE: publication services Daiquiri framework:

- publication of scientific tabled data and other data formats
- Generic SQL query interface
- VO compliant API (TAP, ADQL) (scriptable)
- Basic plotting facility
- Specialised query forms (cone search for plates, or sources)
- Europeana compliant viewer (and OAI-PMH API)
- User table space
- Project description and documentation of published material
- DOI for each published CHO



#### **APPLAUSE:** Summary

- Collect ample metadata along with your data
- Keep good documentation records
- Keep also auxiliary data (temperatures, general weather info, etc.)
- Make provisions for publication of your data
- Start to build with tools available, not from scratch
- Share your code, your methods, your data, your tools
- Document your processing + pipelining

